FCAT Questions: Atoms, Elements, & Molecules Module

http://fcit.usf.edu/florida/teacher/science/mod3/index.html

Grades 9-12 Student Version

1. If an atom is electrically neutral and has 9 protons, it will also contain 9 _____.

- a. neutrons
- b. nuclei
- c. electrons
- d. energy levels

- a. 2.59
- b. 92
- c. 146
- d. 238
- 3. An atom will become an ion with the:
 - a. gain or loss of a proton.
 - b. gain or loss of an electron.
 - c. gain or loss of a neutron.
 - d. gain or loss of a nucleus.

4. The smallest unit of a compound that retains the properties of the compound is the:

- a. atom
- b. element
- c. molecule
- d. symbol

5. The compound ammonium dichromate, (NH₄)₂Cr₂O₇, contains _____ hydrogen atoms.

- a. 2
- b. 4
- c. 6
- d. 8

6. Which formula represents a compound:

a. Fe

- b. Cl
- c. KF
- d. Xe

7. In a chemical formula, the subscript is a small number written slightly below a symbol representing the number of:

- a. atoms
- b. elements
- c. molecules
- d. bonds

8. Most elements on the Periodic Table of Elements are classified as:

- a. halogens
- b. metals
- c. nonmetals
- d. noble gases
- e. metalloids
- 9. Carbon has an atomic number of 6 and a mass number of 12. If a carbon atom is found to have 2 additional neutrons, the mass number becomes 14. This carbon atom with a greater mass is called a(n):
 - a. ion
 - b. polyatomic ion
 - c. isotope
 - d. noble gas

10. An electron has a mass of _____ amu and a charge of _____.

- a. 0, 0
- b. 0, -1
- c. 1, -1
- d. 1,+1

11. The nucleus of an atom contains:

- a. protons only
- b. neutrons only
- c. protons, neutrons and electrons
- d. neutrons and electrons
- e. protons and neutrons

- 12. Which of the following is a physical change?
 - a. carbon dioxide freezes to form dry ice
 - b. water is broken down into hydrogen and oxygen gas
 - c. an animal gets fatter from eating
 - d. milk is left outside and sours
- 13. Calcium carbonate, CaCO₃, contains ______ atoms.
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. 5
 - d. 6

14. The amount of matter in an object determines its:

- a. volume
- b. mass
- c. size
- d. temperature
- 15. The atomic number of Boron, an atom that has 6 neutrons and 5 protons, is:
 - a. 5
 - b. 6
 - c. 11
 - d. 30

16. If a Lithium atom loses an electron, it becomes a Lithium _____.

- a. isotope
- b. radiation particle
- c. ion
- d. compound

17. The second energy level of an atom can hold up to ______ electrons.

- a. 2
- b. 6
- c. 8
- d. 10
- e. 18

18. Each of the following is a compound except:

- a. salt
- b. sugar
- c. vinegar
- d. sulfur

19. Carbon dioxide is covalently bonded by the

- a. gaining of electrons
- b. transfer of electrons
- c. losing of electrons
- d. sharing of electrons

20. Oxygen has ______ electrons in its outermost energy level.

- a. 2
- b. 6
- c. 8
- d. 16