FCAT Questions: Atoms, Elements, & Molecules Module

http://fcit.usf.edu/florida/teacher/science/mod3/index.html

Grades 9-12 Teacher Version

1.	If an atom is electrically neutral and has 9 protons, it will also contain 9		
	a. neutronsb. nucleic. electronsd. energy levels		
2.	An atom with an atomic mass number of 238 and atomic number 92 contains neutrons.		
	a. 2.59 b. 92 c. 146 d. 238		
3.	An atom will become an ion with the:		
	a. gain or loss of a proton.b. gain or loss of an electron.c. gain or loss of a neutron.d. gain or loss of a nucleus.		
4.	The smallest unit of a compound that retains the properties of the compound is the:		
	a. atomb. elementc. moleculed. symbol		
5.	The compound ammonium dichromate, (NH ₄) ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ , contains hydrogen atoms.		
	a. 2b. 4c. 6d. 8		

6	. Which formula represents a compound:	
	a. Fe b. Cl c. KF d. Xe	
7. In a chemical formula, the subscript is a small number written slightly below a symbol representing the number of:		
	a. atomsb. elementsc. moleculesd. bonds	
8. Most elements on the Periodic Table of Elements are classified as:		
	 a. halogens b. metals c. nonmetals d. noble gases e. metalloids 	
9. Carbon has an atomic number of 6 and a mass number of 12. If a carbon ato found to have 2 additional neutrons, the mass number becomes 14. This carbon with a greater mass is called a(n):		
	a. ionb. polyatomic ionc. isotoped. noble gas	
1	0. An electron has a mass of amu and a charge of	
	a. 0, 0 b. 0, -1 c. 1, -1 d. 1, +1	
1	1. The nucleus of an atom contains:	
	 a. protons only b. neutrons only c. protons, neutrons and electrons d. neutrons and electrons e. protons and neutrons 	

12.	. Which of the following is a physical change?		
	a. carbon dioxide freezes to form dry iceb. water is broken down into hydrogen and oxygen gasc. an animal gets fatter from eatingd. milk is left outside and sours		
13.	Calcium carbonate, CaCO ₃ , contains atoms.		
	a. 3 b. 4 c. 5 d. 6		
14.	14. The amount of matter in an object determines its:		
	a. volumeb. massc. sized. temperature		
15.	The atomic number of Boron, an atom that has 6 neutrons and 5 protons, is:		
	a. 5 b. 6 c. 11 d. 30		
16.	If a Lithium atom loses an electron, it becomes a Lithium		
	a. isotopeb. radiation particlec. iond. compound		
17.	The second energy level of an atom can hold up to electrons.		
	a. 2 b. 6 c. 8 d. 10 e. 18		

18.	8. Each of the following is a compound except:		
	a. saltb. sugarc. vinegard. sulfur		
19.	19. Carbon dioxide is covalently bonded by the		
	a. gaining of electronsb. transfer of electronsc. losing of electronsd. sharing of electrons		
20.	Oxygen has	electrons in its outermost energy level.	
	a. 2 b. 6 c. 8 d. 16		
1.c 2.c 3.b 4.c 5.d 6.c 7.a 8.b 9.c 10.l.1.6.1 15.a 14.l.15.a 17.c 18.c 19.c	2.c 3.b 4.c 5.d 6.c 7.a 8.b		