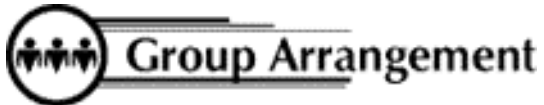


# Cylinder: Student Worksheet

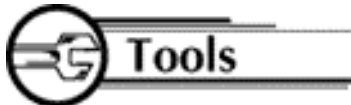
Name: \_\_\_\_\_



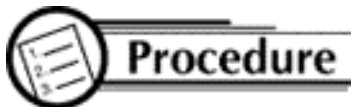
If you compare three different cylinders, how can you tell which one will have the greatest volume?



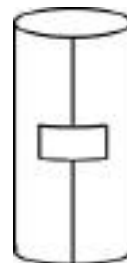
Students work individually or in pairs



- 3 sheets of paper with rectangles A, B, and C
- rulers
- tape
- scissors



1. Cut out the rectangles shown on the attached pages. Tape them together on the sides indicated to form cylinders.



2. Answer the following questions:
  - a. If the cylinders had tops, what would be the diameter of each top?
  - b. What would be the radius of each top?
  - c. What would be the area of each top? Round to the nearest tenth.
  - d. For the area of the tops, find  $A : B$  and  $A : C$ .
3. Measure the heights of the three cylinders. For the heights, find:
  - a.  $A : B$  \_\_\_\_\_
  - b.  $A : C$  \_\_\_\_\_
4. Predict the ratio of the volumes of the following cylinders:
  - a. A and B \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. A and C \_\_\_\_\_
5. Find the volume of each cylinder. For the volumes, find:
  - a.  $A : B$  \_\_\_\_\_
  - b.  $A : C$  \_\_\_\_\_
6. Were your predictions in Question 4 correct?
7. Summarize:
  - a. If the height of two cylinders is the same and the radii are in ratio of  $\_\_?_\_$ , then their volumes are in the ratio of  $\_\_?_\_$ .
  - b. If the radius of two cylinders is the same and the heights are in ratio of  $\_\_?_\_$ , then their volumes are in the ratio of  $\_\_?_\_$ .

### **Math Connection**

As a result of this activity, students will be able to model how the changes of a figure in such dimensions as length, width, height, or radius affect other measurements such as perimeter, area, surface area, or volume.

tape here

A

tape here

tape here



tape here

tape here

C

tape here